minor successes, containing so many elements of permanence, appealing to the spectator so often in this way or that, continues to leave the impression of work without a core, without an in-It is coherent enough in matters of composition, but it is not coherent as an interpretation of nature plus the beauty of art. These paintings do not touch the emotions. They maintain their ambiguous detachment from the vitality

of things artistic they are interesting, but they

do not give deep and lasting pleasure.

Weir has prepared his public for the mixed character of his contributions to the present ex-Several of his companions lower unexpectedly the standards by which they have been Mr. De Camp, for example, has done much better work than we have been able to discover in either of the nude studies he sends to the They are ugly and are poorly painted. Mr. Tarbell, whose portraits and decorative panels have excited enthusi stic praise upon previous occasions, is now contenting himself, evidently, studies of costume painty in quality and attractive only in the few passages wherein he has handled textures with particular skill and taste. 'Rosemary" is a pretty portrait, but Mr. Tarbell ought to be above mere prettiness. His horizon ald have broadened, but it has, if anything, contracted, and his work seems thin and empty. Benson is in exactly the same boat. Perhaps there is a aint of his familiar fluency and cleverness in No. 19, "Girl Reading," and here and there in each one of its fellows. Something more is re-Mr. Benson and Mr. Tarbell both subside into triviality with a completeness that is astonish-There remain four painters in the group under discussion, two who provide slight sensation because they did not care to provide more, and

two who try hard but do not quite achieve large Mr. Simmons might have sent some admirable pictures. He knows how to paint them. But he sends only two portraits, and while both are noticeable for a kind of sober strength are neither of them captivating. Mr. Metcalf sends a portrait which provokes the same respectful but cool comment, and in his other canvas, "Death of Orpheus," he has produced a daintly colored and spirited composition which just stops short of engaging serious attention. One is conscious of something wilfully held back. ured bravely in this show. Mr. Hassam has exerted himself tremendously, but for the sake of some fugitive and unimportant effect he seems willing to sacrifice valuable qualities. His impressionistic pictures are obscure as studies of nature, while in respect to style, composition, sensuous charm and so on they mean only so nuch to the beholder as he is willing to admit out of complaisance, interesting himself in the effort of the artist, watching what he is "trying for rather than what he has accomplished. Mr Twachtman, repeating Mr. Hassam's obscurity in his "Waterfall and Pool," shows him, plausibly enough, how the thing is done in "The New Bridge," which is extremely deft in its expression of the freshness of the trees, the brightness of the color, the movement of the brook which crosses the canvas. Altogether, Mr. Twachtman shows a real control over the problems of lighting which engross him, a control varied by possibly deliberate lapses from artistic veracity. At the same time as well as Mr. Hassam, seems to be wreaking himself upon his task with a devotion out of all

It has been worth while to traverse somewhat in | Arthur. detail this exhibition of hardly more than twoscore paintings, for they offer an unusually direct chal-The Ten American Painters enge to criticism. have been without the restraining hand of a jury, they have divided the wall space among them-selves so that no one could be dissatisfied, and they have, in short, the pleasure of putting their work before the public exactly as they think it should be put in order that it may be seen to the best possible advantage. What is the net result That another interesting exhibition has been added to the season's list cannot be said that anything more than this has been accomplished. The Ten are secessionists, peated it may, in course of time, show peculiar results, the prospect of its atmosphere drawing the men out in certain ways. But that is all in the We may add that the present exhibition

DERVISHES SUFFER SEVERE LOSS.

SHENDY, THEIR BASE OF SUPPLIES, CAPTURED, AND THEIR MAIN ARMY CUT OFF.

announces the capture of Shendy by the Anglo-Egyptian forces. It is added that 160 Dervishes were killed, and that many were wounded. Shendy is, roughly speaking, half way between Berber, the Anglo-Egyptian base of operations, and Khartoum. Therefore, the Anglo-Egyptians are now about one hundred miles from the great Dervish stronghold, Omdurman, near Khartoum, Cairo, March 29.-It is officially announced

forts, captured quantities of grain, cattle and ammunition, and liberated over six hundred slaves, mostly Jaalins. The Dervishes lost 160 men. There were no casualities on the Anglo-

with a battalion of Egyptians on board, as-cended the Nile, from the mouth of the Atbara River, and arrived at Shendy by dawn on Sat-urday. The gunboats saelled the forts, and then the battalion was landed and attacked the town. attack was made by a flank movement, and

The attack was made by a flank movement, and the Dervish garrison was completely routed, the Egyptians pursuing them for twenty miles. The capture of Shendy was a brilliant manœuvre, as the main body of Dervishes, who advanced against the Anglo-Egyptian forces from Shendy, is now cut off from its base, and its reserve depot is destroyed. The Dervishes who advanced against the Anglo-Egyptian army are intrenched at El Hilga, on the Atbara River. They are suffering severely from lack of food and are subsisting on paim nuts. The destruction of their supplies at Shendy will compel them to give battle, for which the Anglo-Egyptian expedition has been eagerly waiting. News of a

THE KNEISEL QUARTET IN PRINCETON. A supper and reception in honor of the Kneisel on the occasion of their last concert Frinceton was given on Monday evening by Mrs. H. B. Fine. Among the guests was Mrs. Grover Cloveland. The concerts of the quartet in Washington were a great attraction to Mrs. Cleveland. She was a subscriber to and a frequent attendant at them, and she has maintained her interest in the quartet attending most of the concerts of the organization in Princeton.

THE GILBERT JURY DISAGREES.

London, March 29.- The jury in the likel suit of W. S. Gilbert against "The Era," the playwright claiming \$1,000 damages against the paper owing to the publication in it of an article taxing him with "pomposity, envy, ingratitude," was unable to agree upon a verdict. The case began yesterday in the Queen's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice.

OLD ENGLISH DRAMA AT YALE.

New-Haven, Conn., March 29.-In the rooms of the English Seminary, at Yale University, last night, Reaumont and Fletcher's "Knight of the Burning Pestie" was performed, it is believed, for the first time in America. The audience was strict-ly collegiate, and the parts were taken by gradu-ates and undergraduates. The play was given in Elizabethan costume.

THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB YEARLY BOOK The club book of the Union League Club for siderable size. It contains the constitution, list of members, the inaugural address of President Root and the reports of various committees. Over \$10.000 was spent on the reception for President McKinley and Vice-President Hobart on May 15 last. Nearly \$75.000 has been spent in the last two years in decorating and improving the clubhousa.

OPEN TO ALL THE WORLD.

FOREIGN TRADE TO HAVE FULL AC-CESS TO TALIEN-WAN.

AN OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION FROM THE RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE CONCES-

SIONS-LI HUNG CHANG ASSAILED AS A TRAITOR.

St. Petersburg, March 29.-The "Official Messenger" publishes a circular which has been telegraphed by Count Muravieff, the Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, to the representatives of Russia abroad. It is as follows: "By virtue of a convention signed at Peking

March 27, Port Arthur and the port of Tallen-Wan and the territories adjacent have been ceded to Russia in usufruct by China. You are requested to make known the foregoing to the Government whereto you are accredited, adding that the above mentioned ports and territories will be immediately occupied by Russian troops, and that the Russian flag will be hoisted by the side of the Chinese flag.

"You may at the same time inform the Foreign Minister that the port of Talien-Wan will be open to foreign trade, and that the largest measure of hospitality will be extended to the ships of all friendly nations."

An official communication issued to the press adds

"The cessions are for twenty-five years, but may be extended later by common accord. "Further, China has conceded the right of constructing a railroad to connect the ports with the Trans-Siberian Main Line."

rect and natural consequence of the amicable relations between two neighboring States anxious to advance the interests of their peoples, the official communication continues:

"While safeguarding the integrity and sov-ereignty of China and satisfying the essential exclusion of the San José scale. In so doing, Herr needs of Russia, the arrangement injures the interests of no foreign State. On the contrary, it affords all nations the possibility of entering in the near future into relations with the river regions of the Yellow Sea, hitherto closed to them. The opening of Talien-Wan to the merchant ships of all nations will create a new and of American apples would be less burdensome than wide market for commerce and industry, owing to the Trans-Siberian line, which is henceforth destined to connect the extremities of two continents and the Old World. The arrangement, therefore, is of high historical value to Russia, Metcalf cared to exert himself he might have fig- and should be hailed as a fortunate event by all those who have at heart the benefits of peace and the development of good relations among nations."

Peking, March 29.-M. Pavloff, the Russian Charge d'Affaires, when visiting the Tsung-li-Yamen (Chinese Foreign Office), for the purpose of signing the agreement arrived at between Russia and China regarding the cession of Port Arthur and Tallen Wan, was escorted by mount-

ed Cossacks.

A number of Russians left Tien-Tsin, acompanied by a priest, to take part in and bless the ceremony of the taking over of Port Arthur and

Talien-Wan.

There is a feeling of intense dejection among the companies of the companies of Russian Companies. There is a feeling of intense dejection among the Chinese, who regard the concessions to Rus-sia as the beginning of the end. There are many complaints of the attitude of Li Hung Chang. It is asserted by those knowing inner Chinese affairs that since his visit to St. Peters-burg Li Hung Chang has received regularly Russian pay. A high Chinese official, whose pa-triotism is unquestioned, describes Li Hung Chang as a Utalior.

yet Japan has made no protest.

proportion to its value. When they have found out how to paint the light shifting through trees, what will they do with it? Will they make notes of it in their sketchbooks to study in private, as they have made notes of it on canvas for the public to study in this exhibition, or will they use their knowledge and skill in the painting of pictures which it will be really stimulating to see?

As yet Japan has made no protest.

Two thousand Russian troops, including cavalry, have been landed at Port Arthur, and it is said that 170 guns are on the way to fortify Port Arthur and Talien-Wan.

The Chinese flag is hoisted beside the Russian to save China's face, but the Chinese do not attach any importance to the lease feature, since they are aware that the Russians will remain There are nine Russian warships now at Port.

London, March 30 .- The St. Petersburg correspondent of "The Times" says:

"The greatest indifference, amounting almost to contempt, is shown here for any possible British protests against the Russo-Chinese agreement. The 'Novoe Vremya' declares: 'England will never go beyond a protest. Her predominance in the Far East is gone forever, and it will be worse for her if she fails to come to a timely agreement with Russia, France and Germany.

ENGLAND HAS LOST NOTHING. HER GOVERNMENT'S VIEWS OF THE EASTERN

London, March 29.—Warlike preparations continue here. Considerable importance is attached will remain open at the Durand-Ruel galleries until | for the Colonies, in this city to-day, in which, | From The Providence Journal.

> clude Russia from Manchurla than there would REASON FOR THE PRESIDENT'S ACTION. clude Russia from Manchuria than there would be for Russia in failing to exclude England from Khartoum. "We should receive from any Power carving out a sphere of influence in China," he said, "a confirmation and reassertion of the rights we now enjoy, and any Government should make the infringement of those rights a casus belit. "England has lost nothing in China which ought to have been kept. The policy of an open door is intast. We have already obtained value. Board at Havana, and the verdet which the Board has based upon that evidence. Khartoum. "We should receive from any Power carving out a sphere of influence in China," he said, "a confirmation and reassertion of the rights we now enjoy; and any Government

ought to have been kept. The policy of an open door is intact. We have already obtained valuable compensations, and are in a position to obtain more if we require them.

that the gunboats and Anglo-Egyptian troops attacked Shendy on Saturday, destroyed the forts, captured quantities of grain, cattle and forts, captured quantities of grain, cattle and

will not go to a greater length than Morning Post" says: "Lord Selborne's speech appears to indicate that the Government is conscious of having lost the game against

"The Daily Chronicie" says: "The Government may be preparing some brilliant stalemate for the Russian game, but the British citizen is not rool enough to accept the story that the door has been kept wide open. The treaty of Tientsin is being torn up and the door will soon be slatted."

The Dally News" says: "It is a serious rebuff and makes the Government look very foolish. The hue and cry the Tory papers are raising, however, is mischievous and undignified. Clearly it was not worth England's while to go to war to prevent Russia's action. What we have to do is to see that British rights and interests are not imperified.

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE THE SULTAN.

HUNDRED MEN WERE KILLED DURING THE OUTBREAK AT THE TILDIZ

dispatch from Bucharest, the outbreak among the Albanian and Kurdish troops in the barracks of the Yildiz Palace, Constantinopie, during the evening of March 15 was in reality a fight which followed the discovery of a plot to assassinate the Sultan of Turkey. It is added that one hundred men were killed.

CHINESE MILITIA DISPERSED.

SLOW REPARATION FOR MOB VIOLENCE ON AN AMERICAN MISSION.

Shanghat, March 29 - "The Mercury" of this city says the country militia of the Klang-Peh strict, which, as announced in these dispatches on March 22, refused to allow the execution of the condemned murderer of the student of the American Methodist Medical Mission, previously attacked by a mob, has been dispersed. The Taotal, however, refuses to make any arrests until instructed to do so from Feking.

The foreign consuls had demanded that the Taotal disperse the militia, execute the murderer, arrest the leaders of the rioters, pay five hundred taels for the property destroyed, allow the mission to reoccupy its premises, and also to protect the members of the mission.

FANNY DAVENPORT BETTER.

Chicago, March 2 -The condition of Fanny Davenport was slightly improved last night. ing the day, and at night the patient's chances for recovery were considered better than for some days previous. While she is said by her physicians to be still in a precarious condition, the chances for her recovery are better to-day.

E. S. Willard is reported slightly improved.

FOR A GOLD STANDARD IN INDIA.

ACTION BY THE COMMONS-AN INTERNATIONAL BIMETALLIC AGREEMENT DECLARED IMPOSSIBLE.

London, March 29.-The House of Commons was occupied for some time to-day in a debate on the Indian currency. Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India, admitted that it would be impossible to reopen the mints without some international arrangement, which at present seems quite out of the question. He pointed out that nobody had blamed the Gov-ernment for declining American and French invitations to reopen the mints. As matters now stood, he said, he believed an international bimetallic agreement impossible, because France could not accept a less ratio than 15½ to 1, which could not be secured. To his view it seemed impossible that any nation by its own unalded efforts should rehabilitate silver, America had made a great effort, but had not succeeded. He contended that the policy introduced in India in 1893 had fully justified itself, and that to attempt to reverse it now would be

lunacy.
Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Liberal leader in the House, congratulated Lord George Hamilton upon his "monumental" speech, which he (Harcourt) hoped would carry conviction to the President of the Local Government Board (Mr. iplin) and the First Lord of the Treasury Balfour).

The House then adopted Lord George Hamilton's motion appointing a committee, which will have practically all the powers of a Royal Com-mission, to inquire into the practicability of the Indian Government's proposals for a gold stand-

TO EXCLUDE ALL AMERICAN APPLES.

After stating that the arrangement is the di- GERMANY CARRYING ITS DISCRIMINATING POL-ICY TO THE FURTHEST POINT

> Berlin, March 29.-During the discussion of the agricultural estimates in the lower house of the Diet to-day Herr Knebel, National Liberal, asked Knebel said the Cider Manufacturers' Union demanded the complete prohibition of the import of American apples, adding that it would be impossible to avoid eventually such a prohibition, pointing that the industry was now in such a flourishing condition that the moment was particularly favor-Baron von Hammerstein-Loxten, the Minister of Agriculture, in reply, said that if a more stringent operation was found necessary he would make furner recommendations to the imperial Government The announcement was greeted with cheers.

WAS MISTAKEN FOR A FILIBUSTER.

ADVENTURE OF AN AMERICAN SCHOONER ON THE SOUTH COAST OF CUBA.

Kingston, Jamaica, March 29.-The American moner Hester, of Pensacola, Fla., loaded with arrived here yesterday evening and her captain reports that while on the voyage he was boarded by a Spanish gunboat which towed the schooner into Casilda, and detained her there for three days. The captain of the Hester has reported the matter to the United States Consulters.

Dispatches from Havana early in March the "Esther," had been captured by a Spanish nboat, the Ardilla, in an inlet near Casilda, on the south coast of ('uba. It was added that the mander of the "Esther" asserted he had sim-put into the inlet for repairs to the rudder of schooner, which had been damaged, and the erstanding was that if this turned out to be relanding was that if this formed out to be et the schooner would be released. A later that from Hayana, on March 8, said the Ar-had towed the schooner to sea, after the that repaired her rudder. The "Esther" is said to have been released and to have sailed

SHAD TAKEN IN THE NORTH RIVER. caught yesterday afternoon in the nets of the Claremont Hotel. There were three of them, and they were taken to the Claremont. Their weight was 3%, 3% and 2% pounds.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

NO WORD WASTED OR POINT IGNORED. From The Boston Journal.

From The Boston Journal.

The report itself is as plain and straightforward as the Executive comminication which accompanies it. Not a word is wasted, not a vital point ignored. Fortunately for the interests of truth and justice, the verdict is explicit, positive, convincing.

THE PRESIDENT IS CONSERVATIVE. From The Elmira Advertiser.

HOW THE COUNTRY CAN HELP.

although he disavowed speaking as a responsible member of the Government, it is believed he expressed the Government's views.

Lord Selborne doclared that there was no more humiliation for England in failing to exclude Russia from Manchuria that the expression.

SUBMITTED WITHOUT COMMENT

From The Albany Argus.

In his Message to Congress transmitting the report of the Court of Inquiry as to the causes of the explosion by which the United States battle-ship Maine was destroyed in the Harbor of Havana, President McKinley refrains from expressing any opinion of his own and from making any recommendation.

REASON FOR MAKING HASTE SLOWLY. From The Richmond Dispatch.

deliberate culmiy, and not take any premature ac-THE WEATHER REPORT.

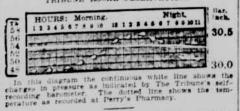
TESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO DAY'S PORECAST.

Washington, March 28. The pressure is high in all disand the Middle States in the morning, followed by fair weather Wednesday and Wednesday night. Showery conweather Weinesday and Weinesday night, Showery conditions are indicated in the South Atlantic and Guif States, and a continuance of fair weather in other districts. It will be somewhat colder in the South Atlantic and Enst Guif States and warmer in the Rocky Mountain districts and Northwest. The Oblo has begun to fail at Chorimant, but heavy rains in the upper valley will call a second rise. Heavy rain is reported in the Tennes are and Sumberland valleys and will cause an additional rise at Calim. A moderate overflow will occur in the Massissippl between Cairo and Heiena during the next eight or ten days.

PORECAST IN DETAIL FOR TO-DAY.

For New England, fair, preceded by showers on the For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, generally fair; northerly winds. For District of Columbia and Maryland, showers in the early morning followed by fair; northerly winds. For Virginia, fair in the interior, showers near the coast, polifer in suntheast portions; northerly winds. For North and South Carolina, showers, colder; winds becoming northeasteris. For West Virginia, Western New-York, Western Penn-sylvania and Ohio, fair; light variable winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



FOR MR. SEIDL'S FUNERAL.

TO TAKE PLACE TO-MORROW AFTER-

NOON AT THE OPERA HOUSE. MANY MEETINGS OF MUSICAL AND OTHER OR-

GANIZATIONS TAKE ACTION ON THE DEATH OF THE FAMOUS LEADER-

RESULT OF THE AUTOPSY. It would be scarcely possible to imagine any disaster that could fall upon the musical community of New-York with such a shock as the death of Anton Seldi on Monday night. Aside from the sense of dismay caused by the suddenness of his removal, there is the deep feeling that his loss is one that can in no way be repaired and that musical art in this city, and, indeed, in the world at large, has suffered a serious and lasting injury. Various meetings of musical and other organizations with which Mr. Seidl was more or less closely connected were held yesterday to take action on the sad occurrence and to determine the future course of affairs, which will be seriously affected by the death of the great leader.

The most important meeting was that of numerous friends of Mr. Seidl, held at his home, No. 28 East Sixty-second-st. It was attended by friends of the family and by representatives of numerous organizations, among which were the Philharmonic Society, the Rubinstein and Apollo clubs, the Ation and Liederkranz societies, Musical Protective Union, the Musical Art Society. the choir of St. Bartholomew's Church, the Metro politan Orchestra and the Lotos Club. All the musical organizations of this list offered their services for the funeral, as did Mme, Lillian Nordica, who was present at the meeting. H. E. Krehbiel, who presided, announced that the directors of the Metropolitan Opera House had offered the use the house, with the services of all its attaches, if it should be wanted for a public funeral

It was decided accordingly that the service should be held at the Metropolitan Opera House to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock. Admission to the opera-house will be by tickets, which will be distributed members and friends of Mr. Seldl's family, the various musical organizations of the city, the stock holders of the opera house and the subscribers of the old German opera seasons.

The stockholders of the Metropolitan Opera House will be invited to occupy their boxes by Mr. Haven. house may be obtained between 4 p. m. to-day and Society's subscribers, at Schuberth's music store; by the Astoria Concert subscribers, at Carl Lowenstein's No. 4 West Thirty-third-st., andby the Mctrolltan Opera subscribers, at the Metropolitan Opera House.

of the dead man. The body will be cre- tion of Mr. Seidl. Mr. Schroeder, who played the details of the arrangements for the funeral subscription concert before the last, and Mr. ard Arnold, Oscar B. Weber, E. N. Burghard, John | mirer of the dead conductor. Under the circum-Mitthauer, William R. Chapman, Albert F. Stettheimer, D. Liebmann, Louis Josephthal, August Trio, with its elegiac echoes, was played with a de-Spanuth, Henry T. Fink, Henry Schmitt, Nahan votion, a depth and tenderness of feeling that al-Franko, E. J. Levey, John Elderkin and H. E. most made one forget the perfection of the techni-

terday. Among those who sent them were Julie an expression of admiration for the marvellous ex-Rive*King, Frank Van der Stucken, Edouard hibition which he gave of all that is best in en-Remenyi, Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, Victor Her- semble playing. Never for a moment did he seem bert, Walter Damrosch and E. Laura Langford, to place shackles upon his instrument, yet, never Many prominent musical people called at the house | did it overwhelm its companions. It was an exleave her room, and could see only her most inti- and masterly skill on the part of all concerned. It

morning at the home of the president, E. Francis Hyde, No. 825 Fifth-ave. It was thought Symphony Mr. Seidl had so beautiful an under that it would be desirable to postpone the concert of standing and ardent an enthusiasm. the society set down for next Saturday evening, on terdammerung" will be played as the first number | impression.

The trustees and officers of the Arion Society met in the clubhouse of that organization, Fifty ninth-st, and Park-ave., last evening and adopted resolutions of sympathy for Mrs. Seidl. It was decided to attend the funeral in a body and to

The executive officers of the Music Teachers' National Association, met at their headquarters, No. 12 East Fourteenth-st., last night. Resolutions were adopted in the first part of the state of the st tions were adopted in which reference was made to Mr. Seldl's genius and his great and good influence on the musical art in this country, and expressing the sincerest regret at his sad death. The sympathy of the association, representing the musical population of the United States, was extended to the widow of Mr. Seidi. The resolutions were signed by H. W. Greene, president, J. P. Keough and Carl G. Schmidt.

The Hungarian Association of the City of New-York, of which Mr. Seidi was a patron and honorary member, will hold memorial services to-night at its headquarters, No. 156 Secondaws.

An autopsy was performed yesterday by Deputy-Coroner Donlin. The death certificate issued by the doctor gave the cause of death as accure gas-

the doctor gave the cause of death as acute gastritis, from irritant poisoning, and cirrhosis of the liver.

The official statement of the result of the autopsy is as follows:

"Inspection Body fairly well nourished; lungs codematus and congested, heart large, hypertrophy left side; liver marked large and cirrhosis. Large gallstones in the sail duct. Spiecen large, dark in color. Kidneys large, congested and swollen; capsures slightly adherent; markings fairly distinct, and undue amount of fat in pelvis. Stomach contained about two ounces of dark-colored fluid; intense congestion pyloric end of the stomach; entered signify congested.

Dr. Donlin said last night: "Where marked cirrhosis of the liver exists there is apt to be heart, kidney and stomach complications. These are compensatory conditions, which make up for the diseased conditions of the liver. That is, you put on them extra work, which causes them to be enlarged and often shows a chronic condition. These conditions would eventually have caused Mr. Seidlis death in any case. It is improbable that he would have lived long in the condition he was in. Any slight irritant, as cold on the lungs or overexertion, which would have caused congestion, would have nexulted in his death. The immediate cause of his death was poisoning. I have made no analysis of the stomach for my own satisfaction, but it was impossible unless I have made no analysis of the stomach for my own satisfaction, but it was impossible unless I have the expense myself. The city furnishes us with no laboratory for such an examination.

ACTION OF THE LOTOS CLUB. RESOLUTIONS PASSED AND A COMMITTEE OF THIRTY APPOINTED TO ATTEND THE FUNERAL-MEETING OF THE SEIDL

SOCIETY OF BROOKLYN. A meeting of the Lotos Club was held last evening in the clubbouse to take appropriate action on the death of Anton Seidl. John Elderkin presided and F. T. Murray acted as secretary. The follow-ing preamble and resolutions were adopted unanimously, all present standing, the secretary being directed to send copies to Mrs. Seidl, and to the

press for publication: press for publication:

Whereas, The hand of Death has suddenly removed from us our beloved associate and friend Mr. Anton Seidl, suddenly stricken while in the enjoyment of good health and high spirits, and upossession of all his splendid faculties, and that great personal magnetism and genius which knit him to us in the bonds of love and friendship, and made him a pillar and ornament of our organization therefore.

him to us in the bonds of love and friendship, and made him a pillar and ornament of our organization, therefore.

Resolved, That by the death of Anton Seidl the Lotos Club, loses one of its most highly esteemed, honored and beloved members, a leader in all its efforts to cultivate and promote musical art, an enthusiastic contributor and lender in its musical entertainments, a genial and intelligent voice in all discussions relating to the art of music, one who stood for all the best qualities of the man and artist, in our artistic gatherings.

Resolved, That in the death of Anton Seidl this community and the world has lost one of its greatest musicians, a man of herole proportions in the world of art; a man whose genius was known and acknowledged in two continents and whose fame extended wherever the art of orchestral music is known, and whose work and accomplishments insure him lasting fame.

Resolved, That we mourn with full hearts the loss of our beloved fellow-member, cut off in the maturity of his life and powers, when so much remained for him to do and so much honor and fame were still in store for him.

Resolved, That we tender to his bereaved wife and family our tender condolence and sympathy, and that we urge them to consider and find comfort in the great work which it was his good fortune to achieve, and to the spotiess character and fame which it was permitted him to leave for the consolation of all who mourn for him.

A committee of thirty members of the Lotos Club, including the president and other officers, was ap-

consecution of all who mourn for him.

A committee of thirty members of the Lotos Club, including the president and other officers, was appointed to attend the funeral in a body. This

morning, and from there proceed to the place appointed for the funeral.

The Board of Directors of the Seidi Society of Brooklyn also held a meeting to take action on the death of Mr. Seidi. There was a large attendance. It was resolved to send a letter of condolence to ... Notice of funeral hereafter.

Mrs. Seldi from the society, and a delegation was appointed to represent the society at the funeral. It was also resolved that at an early date the society publish a full history of its work under Mr. Seldi's leadersnip during the nine years of its existence. While the meeting was in session, the following dispatch was received from Boston:

The Boston Symphony Orchestra extends to the Seldi Society the profoundest sympathy in its great loss.

Assistant Manager of Boston Symphony Orchestra.

Assistant Manager of Boston Symp

THE PERMANENT ORCHESTRA PLAN. SPECULATION AS TO THE EFFECT ON IT OF MR.

The death of Anton Seidl has been a severe blow to those who are seeking to establish a perma nent orchestra in New-York City, and yesterday the members of the newly organized New-York Orchestra Society were asking each other, "What will our society do without Seidi?" There is already a difference of opinion in the association, and many believe that Mr. Seidl's death will cause

the disbandment of the society. In reply to an inquiry as to what effect the death of Mr. Seidl would have on the Orchestra Society.

of Mr. Seidl would have on the Orchestra Society, Charles T. Barney, the president, said:
"The death of Anton Seidl will not cause the disbandment of our society, though his death will be a very severe blow. When the establishing of a permanent orchestra was first talked of. I thought that as there were the operas, the Philharmonic Society and the many concerts in the dity, the only chance of success for a permanent orchestra would be by affiliation with the opera, and, naturally, the selection of Mr. Seidl was proposed. Nothing can be said further on the subject until a meeting of the Board of Directors is heid."

subject until a meeting of the Board of Directors is heid."

R. H. Brown, a member of the society, said last night at the home of Mr. Seidl that his opinion was that the society would collapse. He added: "Mr Seidl was a great musician and a genius, and I wanted to see him at the head of the orchestra. Now that he is dead, I shall withdraw. I have the necessary papers, which I shall return. I do not know what course my wife, who is one of the directors, will pursue, but I think that she will also withdraw."

No date has been fixed for the next neeting of the directors, but it is probable that one will soon be called.

YESTERDAY'S MUSIC.

There were two concerts of artistic significance both of which were affected by the yesterday. death of Mr. Seidl. In the case of the recital of chamber music by the Kneisel Quartet, which took limited number of tickets for the rest of the place in the afternoon (both concerts, by the way were in Mendelssohn Hall), the memorial feature was only a coincidence, but none the less impres sive. The programme, planned long ago, contained the trio for planoforte, violin and violoncello composed by Tschalkowsky in memory of Nicholas Rubinstein. The pianoforte part was played by Mr. Siloti, who effected his entrance to the Ameri-Religious services will be held at the home can concert stage some weeks ago under the direcmated, according to Mr. Seidl's desire. The 'cello part, was the solo performer at the Seidl left to a committee consisting of Rich- Kneisel, the violinist, was an old friend and adstances it was not to be wondered at that the cal achievement. Yet, it would seem unjust to Mr. Many messages of condolence were received yes- Stloti, who returns to Europe to-day, to withhold the course of the day. Mrs. Seed was unable to | hibition of perfect understanding, perfect sympaths A meeting of the Philharmonic Society was held the first number of the programme was the American Quartet of Dr. Dvorak, for whose American

At the concert given by Miss Josephine Hartman, account of the death of the society's conductor, but planist, in the evening, the concluding orchestral it was found that Carnegie Music Hail could number was to have been one of Bach's concerti not be had for another suitable date till so late in grossi, conducted by Mr. Herman Hans Witzler, but the season that the most of the subscribers to the at the last moment the funeral march from the decided that the concert should take place at the of Mr. Seidl, as a slip inserted in the programme extime appointed. A dispatch has been sent to Frank plained. Mrs. Katharine Fisk, who was to have The first North River shad of the season were Van der Stucken, of Cincinnati, asking him to come sung some contraits songs, was prevented by illness, and conduct the concert, and if he is unable to do so it will be conducted by Richard Arnold, the concert master. The funeral march from "Die Göt- pianistic gifts, and made a decidedly favorable

COMING WEDDINGS.

The marriage of Miss Elizabeth W. Terrill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Terrill, of No. 16 take such part in the services as will be agreeable | East Fiftieth-st., to McLane Van Ingen will take

> Percy Howland de Mauriac, a son of Eugene A de Mauriac, of No. 72 West Sixty-eighth-st., has an-

> The marriage of Miss Adelaide Besson, daughter of Mrs. Robert H. Hesson, of Hoboken, N. J., to Dr. Walter Lyttle Pyle, of Philadelphia, will take place at noon on Easter Monday, April II, in St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church.

vitations for the marriage of their daughter, Georgiana, to Edward Harmon Faulkner, which will take place at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of April 12, at St. Paul's Church, Westfield, N. J. Mr. Bozert is general Eastern agent of the Chi-cago and Alton Railroad company. His office is cago and Alton Ranton, in this city.

OBITUARY.

JUDGE JAMES GOGGIN.

Chicago, March 29.-Judge James Goggin, of the Circuit Court, one of the most unique characters in the legal profession of this city, died to-day, at the age of fifty-five. He had been ill several weeks. Judge Goggin was widely known for the courage and sense of justice he showed on the bench.

THE EARL OF CAWDOR. London, March 29.-John Frederick Vaughan Campbell, second Earl of Cawdor, is dead. He was born in 1817, and succeeded to the title in 1860. He was Member of Parliament for Pembrokeshire from 1841 to 1830.

WILLIAM H. EDMONDS.

Baltimore, March 29.-William H. Edmonds, ounder and editor of "The Southern States' Magazine," died this morning at his home in Roland Park. He was one of the founders of "The Man-ufacturers' Record," and at one time proprietor of "The Anniston (Ala.) Hot Blast,"

JUDGE GEORGE W. HARMON. Bennington, Vt., March 29.-Judge George W. Harmon, one of the most prominent citizens of Vermont, died to-day. He was born in Pawlet in 1812, but had lived here for fifty years. He was prominently identified with the banking interests of this section, and was counsel for several railroad corporations. He was the oldest member of the Vermont bar.

Before the fever, headache and oppressed breathing which come with "a bad cold" have assumed a dangerous form, cure it with Jayne's Expectorant... MARRIED.

GREENBERG-GOLDSMITH-On Tuesday, March 20, 1898, by the Rev. Raphael Benjamin, M. A., Lizzie Goldsmith o Benjamin Greenberg.
SVENSON-MACMANUS-On February 23, by the Rev. J. A. Forsland, Ella A. MacManus to Frederick H.

dorsed with full name and ad fress. DIED.

CURTIS—At Stratford, Conn., on Wednesday, March 23, Clara Isabelle, daughter of James Langdon and the late Clarksas E. Curtis. Funeral services and interment took place at Stratford on Friday, March 25.

DIED. DODBURT-Monday, March 28, suddenly, at Poster, N. Y., Estee King Woodbury, in his Soil Year. Funeral services at his late residence. Springdale, Wednesday afternoon, March 30, at 8:15 o'clock.

oodlawn Station (24th Ward), Harlem Railroad

Special Notices.

Tribune Terms to Mail Subscribers. Daily, \$10 a year; \$1 per month.
Daily, without Sunday, \$5 a year, \$0 cents per month.
Sunday Tribune, \$2 a year, Weekly, \$1. Semi-Weekly, \$2.
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30 George-st. corner Andrea-st.
Genera—Lombard, Odler & Co., and Union Bank.
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to leave advertisements and subscriptions.

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES, MADISON SQU HE SOUTH, NEW YORK.

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By order of Executrix ENGRAVINGS, ETCHINGS. and Illustrated Books Relating Principally to AMERICAN HISTORY, COLLECTED BY THE LATE FRANK ABBOTT, M.D. Free View Day and Evening.

AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers, MADISON SQUARE SOUTH, NEW YORK. Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, 306 FIFTH AVENUE, NEAR 34TH STREET this afternoon at 2:30 and this evening at 8 o'clock

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, BY ORDER OF THE Title Guarantee and Trust Co. OF BROOKLYN AND NEW YORK,

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Superfluous Hair, Moles, destroyed by electricity; faces rounded; physicians' references. HELEN BRIGGS, 84 West 334-st.

(Should be read DAILY by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.)

Foreign mails for the week ending April 2, 1898, win close (promptly in all cases) at the General Postoffice as follows: Parcels Post Mails close one hour earlier than closing time shown below. TRANSATLANTIC MAILS.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST INDIES, ETC.

WEDNESDAY—At 2:30 a. m. for Port Antonio, per steamer from Philadelphia; at 11 a. m. for Newfoundland, per s. a. a. Portia; at 11 a. m. for Newfoundland, per s. a. a. Portia; at 11 a. m. for Santiago de Cuba, per s. s. San Agustin, detters for Venezuela and Colombia must be directed per San Agustin, det 1 p. m. for Cuba, per s. s. Seguranca, via Havana.

THURSDAY—At 11 a. m. for La Plata Countries direct, per s. s. Russian Prince; at 1 p. m. for Jamaica, per per s. s. Russian Prince; at 1 p. m. for Jamaica, per per s. s. Russian Prince; at 1 p. m. for Jamaica, per per s. s. Russian Prince; at 1 p. m. for Jamaica, per s. s. Ardanrose detters for Belize, Puerto Cortez and Guatemala must be directed "per Ardanrose".

FRIDAY—At 1 p. m. for North Brazil, per s. s. Benedict, via Pra, Maranham and Ceara.

SATURDAY.—At 8 a. m. for Isermuda, per s. s. Trinidad; at 0.30 s. m. supplementary 10 a. m. for St. Thomas, St. Croix. Leeward and Windward Islands, per s. s. Madlian detters for Grenada, Trinidad and Tobago must be directed "per Madlana"; at 10 a. m. supplementary 10 a. m. for Fortune Island, Jamaica, selected "per Ardanrose for Compeche, Chiapas, Tabasco and Virgatan, per c. s. Yucatan Getters for other parts of Mexico and for Cuba must be directed "per Yucatan", at 17 p. m. for Nassau, N. P. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. P. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassau, N. F. per s. s. Miami, from Miami, Fla.; for Nassa

North Sydney, at John in for St. Pierre-Miquelon, per steamer from Hailfax.

Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to Hailfax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at \$300 p. m. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Buston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at \$300 p. m. Mails for Cuba close at this office daily at \$300 a. m. for forwarding by steamers sailing (Mondays and Thursdays) from Port Tamps, Fla. Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily at 230 a. m. and 230 p. m. tRegistered mail closes at dio0 p. m. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China. Japan and Hawait, per s. s. Peru (from San Francisco), close here daily up to April 6 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. O'gmpta-from Tacoma), close here daily up to April 60, at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Hawait, per s. s. Zealandia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to March 31 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Hawait, per s. s. Zealandia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to March 31 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China, p. m. Mails for Australia enopt. West Australia, New Zealand, Hawait, per s. s. Peru (from Nan Francisco), close here daily atter March 213 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China, 113 and up to March 31 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Hawait, per s. s. O'gmpta (from Nan Francisco), close here daily up to April 6, at 6.30 p. m. Mails for China and Japan (specially addressed only), per s. Empresso of Japan (from Vancouver), close here daily up to April 111 at 6.30 p. m. Mails for Australia (except those for West Australia, which are forwarded via Europe). New-Zealand, Hawait, Fill and Samoan Islands, per s. Alameda (from San Francisco), close here daily up to April 115 at 7 a. m., 11 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. (or carrival at New York of s. Campania with British mails for Australia). Mails for the Society Islands, per ahp City of Papelti (from San Francisco), close here daily up to April 24 at 6.30 p. m.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to per of asiling daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumant of their uninterrupted overland transit. Hegestiered mail closes at 6 p. m. previous day.

Postolice, New-York, N. T., March 25, 1864.

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Bourgogne, via Hayre (leiters must be directed "per La
Bourgogne, via Ta, m. (supplementar 9 a. m. for
Europe, per s. s. St Paul, via Southan on at 9 a. m.
(supplementary 10.30 a. m.) for Europe, a. s. "Germanic, via Queenstown; at 10 a. m. for Begium directper s. a. Southwark, via Antwerp (leiters must be
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SATURDAY—At 7 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. "Umbris,
via Queenstown; at 8 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per
s. 8. Werkendam, via Rotterdam (leiters must be directed "per Werkendam"); at 8 a. m. for Naples and
Genoa, per s. s. Eins (leiters must be directed "per
Ems"); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. s. Hekla
(leiters must be directed "per Hekla").

eprinted Matter, etc., for German steamers sailing on Tuesdays take Printed Matter, etc., for Germany, and Specially Addressed Printed Matter, etc., for other parts of Europe. Augerican and White Star steamers on Wednesdays. German steamers on Thursdays, and Cunard, French and German steamers on Saturdays take Printed Matter, etc., for all countries for which they are advertised to carry mail.

After the closing of the Supplementary Transatiantic Malle named above, additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French and German steamers, and remain open until within Ten Minutes of the hour of sailing of steamer.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST INDIES, ETC.